

**155:5 (“The Discourse on True Religion”)
and 155:6 (“The Second Discourse on Religion”)**

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This chart is a revision of the one published August 31, 2010.

Key

- (a) **Green** indicates where a source author first appears, or where he/she reappears.
- (b) **Yellow** highlights most parallelisms.
- (c) **Tan** highlights parallelisms not occurring on the same row, or parallelisms separated by yellowed parallelisms.
- (d) An underlined word or words indicates where the source and the UB writer pointedly differ from each other.
- (e) **Blue** indicates original (or “revealed”) information, or UB-specific terminology and concepts. (What to highlight in this regard is debatable; the highlights are tentative.)

Source for 155:5 and 155:6

- (1) **Titile**, Ernest Fremont, *The Religion of the Spirit: Studies in Faith and Life* (New York: The Abingdon Press, 1928).

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PAPER 155 — FLEEING THROUGH NORTHERN GALILEE

5. THE DISCOURSE ON TRUE RELIGION

155:5.1 This memorable discourse on religion, summarized and restated in modern phraseology, gave expression to the following truths:

155:5.2 While the religions of the world have a double origin—**natural and revelatory**—at any one time and among any one people there are to be found **three distinct forms of religious devotion**. And these three manifestations of the religious urge are:¹

[Compare with “The **Three Degrees of Religious Evolution**” (pp. 369-374) in Auguste Sabatier’s *Religions of Authority and the Religion of the Spirit* (1904).]

155:5.3 1. *Primitive religion*. The seminatural and instinctive urge to fear mysterious energies and worship superior forces, chiefly a religion of the physical nature, the religion of fear.

155:5.4 2. *The religion of civilization*. The advancing religious concepts and practices of the civilizing races—the religion of the mind—the intellectual theology of the authority of established religious tradition.

155:5.5 3. *True religion—the religion of revelation*. The revelation of supernatural values, a partial insight into eternal realities, a glimpse of the goodness and beauty of the infinite character of the Father in heaven—the religion of the spirit as demonstrated in human experience.

155:5.6 The religion of the physical senses and the superstitious fears of natural man, the Master refused to belittle, though he deplored the fact that so much of this primitive form of worship should persist in the religious forms of the more intelligent races of mankind.

I: THE RELIGION OF THE SPIRIT
(Title 11)

Jesus made it clear that the great difference between the religion of the mind and the religion of the spirit is that,

The religion of the spirit is rooted, not in authority, but in experience (T 14).

while the former is upheld by ecclesiastical authority, the latter is wholly based on human experience.

155:5.7 And then the Master, in his hour of teaching, went on to make clear these truths:

155:5.8 Until the races become highly intelligent and more fully civilized, there will persist many of those childlike and superstitious ceremonies which are so characteristic of the evolutionary religious practices of primitive and backward peoples. Until the human race progresses to the level of a higher and more general recognition of the realities of spiritual experience,

There are in the world religions of authority because there are in the world people who feel the need of authority (T 11).

large numbers of men and women will continue to show a personal preference for those religions of authority

which require only intellectual assent, in contrast to the religion of the spirit, which entails active participation of mind and soul in the faith adventure of grappling with the rigorous realities of progressive human experience.

SOURCE OR PARALLEL

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155:5.9 The acceptance of the traditional religions of authority presents the easy way out for man's urge to seek satisfaction for the longings of his spiritual nature.

Many another human **soul**, beaten upon by the storms of life, weary of doubt and bitter questioning, has sought **refuge** in the comfortable sacerdotalism of the Roman Church.

The settled, crystallized, and established religions of authority afford a ready **refuge** to which the distracted and distraught **soul** of man may flee when harassed by fear and tormented by uncertainty.

"Faith with us," writes a modern Catholic, "means acceptance of divine truth on the authority of God, who has revealed it to us."

Such a religion requires of its devotees, as the price to be paid for its satisfactions and assurances, only a passive and purely intellectual assent.

155:5.10 And for a long time there will live on earth those timid, fearful, and hesitant individuals who will prefer thus to secure their religious consolations, even though, in so casting their lot with the religions of authority, they compromise the sovereignty of personality, debase the dignity of self-respect, and utterly surrender the right to participate in that most thrilling and inspiring of all possible human experiences: the personal quest for truth,

No uncertainty there, no need of the toils and **perils of intellectual discovery**.

the exhilaration of facing the **perils of intellectual discovery**,

the determination to explore the realities of personal religious experience, the supreme satisfaction of experiencing the personal triumph of the actual realization of the victory of spiritual faith over intellectual doubt

Faith in this case is not a going out, but a staying in. It is not an **adventure**, it is merely a recitation.

as it is honestly won in the supreme **adventure** of all human existence—

man seeking God, for himself and as himself, and finding him.

155:5.11 The religion of the spirit means effort, struggle, conflict, faith, determination, love, loyalty, and progress. The religion of the mind—the theology of authority—requires little or none of these exertions from its formal believers. Tradition is a safe refuge and an easy path for those fearful and halfhearted souls who instinctively shun the spirit struggles and mental uncertainties associated with those faith voyages of daring adventure

And in spite of the fulminations of rabid anti-Catholics, the Roman Church will stand unmoved so long as there are people in the world who prefer the haven of authority to the **high seas** of spiritual quest (T 12).

out upon the **high seas** of unexplored truth

in search for the farther shores of spiritual realities as they may be discovered by the progressive human mind and experienced by the evolving human soul.

155:5.12 And Jesus went on to say: “At Jerusalem the religious leaders have formulated the various doctrines of their traditional teachers and the prophets of other days into an established system of intellectual beliefs, a religion of authority. The appeal of all such religions is largely to the mind.

And now are we about to enter upon a deadly conflict with such a religion since we will so shortly begin the bold proclamation of a new religion—a religion which is not a religion in the present-day meaning of that word, a religion that makes its chief appeal to the divine spirit of my Father which resides in the mind of man; a religion which shall derive its authority from the fruits of its acceptance that will so certainly appear in the personal experience of all who really and truly become believers in the truths of this higher spiritual communion.”

155:5.13 Pointing out each of the twenty-four and calling them by name, Jesus said: “And now, which one of you would prefer to take this easy path of conformity to an established and fossilized religion, as defended by the Pharisees at Jerusalem, rather than to suffer the difficulties and persecutions attendant upon the mission of proclaiming a better way of salvation to men while you realize the satisfaction of discovering for yourselves the beauties of the realities of a living and personal experience in the eternal truths and supreme grandeurs of the kingdom of heaven? Are you fearful, soft, and ease-seeking? Are you afraid to trust your future in the hands of the God of truth, whose sons you are? Are you distrustful of the Father, whose children you are? Will you go back to the easy path of the certainty and intellectual settledness of the religion of traditional authority, or will you gird yourselves to go forward with me into that uncertain and troublous future of proclaiming the new truths of the religion of the spirit, the kingdom of heaven in the hearts of men?”

155:5.14 All twenty-four of his hearers rose to their feet, intending to signify their united and loyal response to this, one of the few emotional appeals which Jesus ever made to them, but he raised his hand and stopped them, saying: "Go now apart by yourselves, each man alone with the Father, and there find the unemotional answer to my question, and having found such a true and sincere attitude of soul, speak that answer freely and boldly to my Father and your Father, whose infinite life of love is the very spirit of the religion we proclaim."

155:5.15 The evangelists and apostles went apart by themselves for a short time. Their spirits were uplifted, their minds were inspired, and their emotions mightily stirred by what Jesus had said. But when Andrew called them together, the Master said only: "Let us resume our journey. We go into Phoenicia to tarry for a season, and all of you should pray the Father to transform your emotions of mind and body into the higher loyalties of mind and the more satisfying experiences of the spirit."

155:5.16 As they journeyed on down the road, the twenty-four were silent, but presently they began to talk one with another, and by three o'clock that afternoon they could not go farther; they came to a halt, and Peter, going up to Jesus, said: "Master, you have spoken to us the words of life and truth. We would hear more; we beseech you to speak to us further concerning these matters."

6. THE SECOND DISCOURSE ON RELIGION

155:6.1 And so, while they paused in the shade of the hillside, Jesus continued to teach them regarding the religion of the spirit, in substance saying:

155:6.2 You have come out from among those of your fellows who choose to remain satisfied with a religion of mind,

Religions of authority there always have been, are now, and always will be, because they meet the needs of a certain type of human mind—the mind that craves certainty, enjoys conformity, and loves to “stay put” (T 13).

who crave security and prefer conformity.

You have elected to exchange your feelings of authoritative certainty for the assurances of the spirit of adventurous and progressive faith. You have dared to protest against the grueling bondage of institutional religion and to reject the authority of the traditions of record which are now regarded as the word of God.

Our Father did indeed speak through Moses, Elijah, Isaiah, Amos, and Hosea,

The Westminster Confession explicitly states that God’s former ways of revealing himself have ceased (T 18).

but he did not cease to minister words of truth to the world when these prophets of old made an end of their utterances.

My Father is no respecter of races or generations in that the word of truth is vouchsafed one age and withheld from another. Commit not the folly of calling that divine which is wholly human, and fail not to discern the words of truth which come not through the traditional oracles of supposed inspiration.

155:6.3 I have called upon you to be born again, to be born of the spirit. I have called you out of the darkness of authority and the lethargy of tradition into the transcendent light of the realization of the possibility of

So it comes to pass that this student, who supposed that religion was the least of his concerns, makes the discovery that it is, on the contrary, the greatest of all his concerns. He enters into the experience of another student, Edward Rowland Sill, who came out of Yale with a great question mark in his life and confided in a letter to a friend, "People think that a man's speculations about religion interfere with his daily life very little—but how certain conclusions do take the shine out of one's existence!" Then, one day, he makes for himself that greatest of all discoveries which the human spirit has ever made.

In the beauty of the world, in the nobility of noble lives, in the silent depths of his own life, he discovers God.

And note, now, what has happened. He has passed

from authority to experience,

from a faith inherited to a faith achieved,

making for yourselves the greatest discovery possible for the human soul to make—

the supernal experience of finding God

for yourself, in yourself, and of yourself, and of doing all this as a fact in your own personal experience.

And so may you pass

from death to life,

from the authority of tradition to the experience of knowing God;

thus will you pass from darkness to light,

from a racial faith inherited to a personal faith achieved by actual experience;

SOURCE OR PARALLEL

from a **theology handed down**

to a **religion built up in his own soul** (T 16).

The **religion of the spirit admits of a progressive revelation**. One of the obvious disadvantages of any religion of authority is that it **ties you, hand and foot, to the past** (T 18).

Religions of authority give you a **sense of security**,

but take away from you a sense of **freedom** (T 19).

Scientific theories which were exploded centuries ago, ethical standards which the enlightened conscience of the world has long since repudiated, religious conceptions which no longer satisfy the aspiring heart of the race—all these you are **required** to accept (T 19).

THE URANTIA BOOK

and thereby will you progress from a **theology of mind handed down** by your ancestors

to a true **religion of spirit** which shall be **built up in your souls** as an eternal endowment.

155:6.4 Your religion shall change from the mere intellectual belief in traditional authority to the actual experience of that living faith which is able to grasp the reality of God and all that relates to the divine spirit of the Father.

The religion of the mind **ties you hopelessly to the past**; the **religion of the spirit consists in progressive revelation**

and ever beckons you on toward higher and holier achievements in spiritual ideals and eternal realities.

155:6.5 While the religion of authority may impart a present **feeling of settled security**,

you pay for such a transient satisfaction the price of the loss of your spiritual **freedom** and religious liberty.

My Father does **not require** of you as the price of entering the kingdom of heaven that you should force yourself to subscribe to a belief in things which are spiritually repugnant, unholy, and untruthful.

SOURCE OR PARALLEL

In order to retain your sense of security you must be prepared to **outrage your sense of truth**. A big price to pay (T 19).

[contd] **The religion of the spirit leaves you free to follow truth whithersoever it may take you** (T 19) .

It leads you into the presence of a God who is still speaking and who **may, perchance, have something to say to your generation which other generations were unable to hear** (T 20).

And what a relief it is to discover that a sense of security may be had without cost to one's sense of truth! It may be had without recourse to those religions of authority which **take a man back to the past and leave him there,**

cowering in the presence of every new discovery, afraid of science,

distrustful of **truth** (T 20).

The men who have discovered God have done something more than **talk about God**. **The man who wrote, "Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace, whose mind is stayed on thee,"** was not an ecclesiastical politician (T 21).

THE URANTIA BOOK

It is not required of you that **your own sense of mercy, justice, and truth should be outraged** by submission to an outworn system of religious forms and ceremonies.

The religion of the spirit leaves you forever free to follow the truth wherever the leadings of the spirit may take you.

And who can judge—

perhaps this spirit may have something to impart to this generation which other generations have refused to hear?

155:6.6 Shame on those false religious teachers who would

drag hungry souls back into the dim and distant past and there leave them!

And so are these unfortunate persons doomed to become **frightened by every new discovery,**

while they are discomfited by every new revelation of **truth**.

The prophet who said, "He will be kept in perfect peace whose mind is stayed on God," was not a mere intellectual believer in authoritative theology. This truth-knowing human had discovered God; he was not merely **talking about God**.

SOURCE OR PARALLEL

To **praise a hero**—that is easy. Praise, like many another form of talk, is proverbially cheap.

But to **be a hero** whose praise we have sung—that is another matter, an immeasurably more difficult matter.

But merely to praise a hero and never to be one is to **miss the supreme experiences of life** (T 23).

The last thing which I would like to suggest about the religion of the spirit is that it is the **only** kind of religion which can ever **unite** the world (T 23).

[contd] **Religions of authority inevitably divide men.**

THE URANTIA BOOK

155:6.7 I admonish you to give up the practice of always quoting the prophets of old and **praising the heroes** of Israel,

and instead aspire to **become** living prophets of the Most High and spiritual **heroes** of the coming kingdom.

To honor the God-knowing leaders of the past may indeed be worth while, but why, in so doing, should you **sacrifice the supreme experience of human existence:**

finding God for yourselves and knowing him in your own souls?

155:6.8 Every race of mankind has its own mental outlook upon human existence; therefore must the religion of the mind ever run true to these various racial viewpoints. Never can the religions of authority come to unification.

Human **unity** and mortal brotherhood can be achieved **only** by and through the superendowment of the religion of the spirit.

Racial minds may differ, but **all mankind is indwelt by the same divine and eternal spirit.** The hope of human brotherhood can only be realized when, and as, the divergent mind religions of authority become impregnated with, and overshadowed by, the unifying and ennobling religion of the spirit—the religion of personal spiritual experience.

155:6.9 The **religions of authority can only divide men** and set them in conscientious array against each other;

the religion of the spirit will progressively draw men together and cause them to become understandingly sympathetic with one another.

SOURCE OR PARALLEL

THE URANTIA BOOK

They insist upon **uniformity of belief,**

The religions of authority require of men **uniformity in belief,**

and when it comes to those supreme concerns which lie beyond the reach of scientific investigation, uniformity of belief is **impossible** (T 24).

but this is **impossible** of realization in the present state of the world.

The religion of the spirit requires only unity of experience—uniformity of destiny—making full allowance for diversity of belief. The religion of the spirit requires only uniformity of insight, not uniformity of viewpoint and outlook.

What the religion of the spirit is seeking is not uniformity, but unity. And on the basis of unity, **unity of spirit,** of passion, and of purpose, the world slowly but surely is being united (T 25).

The religion of the spirit does not demand uniformity of intellectual views, only **unity of spirit** feeling.

Religions of authority harden into creeds, and creeds divide us.

The religions of authority crystallize into lifeless creeds;

The **religion of the spirit** bursts into song, and song unites us (T 25).

the **religion of the spirit** grows into the increasing joy and liberty of ennobling deeds of loving service and merciful ministrations.

III: IF GOD IS LIKE CHRIST (Tittle 40)

155:6.10 But watch, lest any of you look with disdain upon the children of Abraham because they have fallen on these evil days of traditional barrenness.

The Bible is the record of a race in its **passionate, persistent quest of God.**

Our forefathers gave themselves up to the **persistent and passionate search for God,**

Behold a race in travail—sweating, groaning, questioning, despairing, beseeching, blaspheming, sinning, repenting, suffering, striving,

until at last it gives to the world that odyssey of the human soul, that matchless record of moral and spiritual discovery which we call the Bible (T 43).

The Bible does not speak with but a single voice. By no sort of torturing exegesis can it be made to appear that the God who is pictured in certain portions of the Old Testament is the same God who is pictured in the New.

It does not follow that the Old Testament is of no value to the modern world.

“Jehovah is my shepherd; I shall not want.
He maketh me to lie down in green pastures;
He leadeth me beside still waters.
He restoreth my soul.”

Is that of no value to weary moderns? “What does the Lord require of thee, but to do justly, and to love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy God?” Is that of no value to twentieth-century Americans? (T 43)

and they found him as no other whole race of men have ever known him since the times of Adam, who knew much of this as he was himself a Son of God. My Father has not failed to mark the long and untiring struggle of Israel, ever since the days of Moses, to find God and to know God.

For weary generations the Jews have not ceased to toil, sweat, groan, travail, and endure the sufferings and experience the sorrows of a misunderstood and despised people,

all in order that they might come a little nearer the discovery of the truth about God.

And, notwithstanding all the failures and falterings of Israel, our fathers progressively, from Moses to the times of Amos and Hosea, did reveal increasingly to the whole world

an ever clearer and more truthful picture of the eternal God.

And so was the way prepared for the still greater revelation of the Father which you have been called to share.

V: THE WILL OF GOD (Tittle 80)

The attempt to discover the will of God ought to become for me that most thrilling of all adventures save one—

the attempt to do it (T 85).

One of the most terribly mistaken notions that has ever crept into human thinking is the notion that a few occupations are sacred and all others secular (T 88).

VI: THE WORD OF GOD (Tittle 98)

Beauty, beauty, everywhere! Is not this also a “word of God”? If a poet may say of a beautiful woman, “her temple-face was chiseled from within,” is it not possible for intelligent faith to insist that a beautiful world is the revelation of a beautiful Spirit; that it is, indeed, a sacrament, the visible form of an invisible grace? (T 105)

155:6.11 Never forget there is only one adventure which is more satisfying and thrilling than the attempt to discover the will of the living God,

and that is the supreme experience of honestly trying to do that divine will.

And fail not to remember that the will of God can be done in any earthly occupation.

Some callings are not holy and others secular.

All things are sacred in the lives of those who are spirit led; that is, subordinated to truth, ennobled by love, dominated by mercy, and restrained by fairness—justice.

The spirit which my Father and I shall send into the world is not only the Spirit of Truth

but also the spirit of idealistic beauty.

SOURCE OR PARALLEL

But is it only in the Bible that one may hope to discover any authentic “word of God”? How very embarrassing it would be if one felt obliged to answer “Yes”! (T 100)

VII: THE DISCOVERY OF GOD (Tittle 116)

In order to discover God, one needs to develop what Francis Thompson called “the child heart” (T 117).

He is not suggesting that we should close our eyes, take a long breath and try to believe the unbelievable.

When he says that a child is able to turn pumpkins into coaches, mice into horses, lowness into loftiness, nothing into everything, does he not mean to suggest that to the mind of a child nothing appears too good to be true? (T 118)

Many people whose minds accept the fact of God bewail their inability to feel the presence of God (T 120).

THE URANTIA BOOK

155:6.12 You must cease to seek for the word of God only on the pages of the olden records of theologic authority.

Those who are born of the spirit of God shall henceforth discern the word of God regardless of whence it appears to take origin. Divine truth must not be discounted because the channel of its bestowal is apparently human.

Many of your brethren have minds which accept the theory of God while they spiritually fail to realize the presence of God. And that is just the reason why I have so often taught you that

the kingdom of heaven can best be realized by acquiring the spiritual attitude of a sincere child.

It is not the mental immaturity of the child that I commend to you

but rather the *spiritual simplicity* of such an easy-believing and fully-trusting little one.

It is not so important that you should know about the fact of God as that you should increasingly grow in the ability to *feel the presence of God*.

SOURCE OR PARALLEL

Not every one discovers God in his own soul. One man—James Russell Lowell—describes an hour when he clearly felt the presence of God in him and round about him; when the whole room seemed full of God. Another man insists that he has never known such an hour. Why this difference? (T 129)

What chance does God have to appear in our consciousness

if we seldom give him a thought? (T 130)

You try to say to some tempted, troubled spirit, “There is One who is able to do for you far more abundantly than you ask or think. God is not the Great Illusion. He is the great Reality in whom you live, if only you were aware of it, and in whom you might find rest for your weariness, strength for your weakness, light for your darkness, and salvation for your sin.” “Prove it!” he pleads. But he alone can “prove” it by launching out into the deep of a great adventure (T 131-32).

THE URANTIA BOOK

155:6.13 When you once begin to find God in your soul,

presently you will begin to discover him in other men’s souls and eventually in all the creatures and creations of a mighty universe.

But what chance does the Father have to appear as a God of supreme loyalties and divine ideals in the souls of men

who give little or no time to the thoughtful contemplation of such eternal realities?

While the mind is not the seat of the spiritual nature, it is indeed the gateway thereto.

155:6.14 But do not make the mistake of trying to prove to other men that you have found God;

you cannot consciously produce such valid proof, albeit there are two positive and powerful demonstrations of the fact that you are God-knowing, and they are:

SOURCE OR PARALLEL

THE URANTIA BOOK

155:6.15 1. The fruits of the spirit of God showing forth in your daily routine life.

When men dare to **risk everything**

155:6.16 2. The fact that your entire life plan furnishes positive proof that you have unreservedly **risked everything** you are and have

in the name of some worthy ideal,

on the adventure of survival after death in the pursuit of the hope of finding the God of eternity,

they become aware of life's supreme and eternal realities. They feel as if they were in the very **presence** of God (T 132).

whose **presence** you have foretasted in time.

155:6.17 Now, mistake not, my Father will ever respond to the faintest flicker of faith. He takes note of the physical and superstitious emotions of the primitive man. And with those honest but fearful souls whose faith is so weak that it amounts to little more than an intellectual conformity to a passive attitude of assent to religions of authority, the Father is ever alert to honor and foster even all such feeble attempts to reach out for him. But you who have been called out of darkness into the light are expected to believe with a whole heart; your faith shall dominate the combined attitudes of body, mind, and spirit.

155:6.18 You are my apostles, and to you religion shall not become a theologic shelter to which you may flee in fear of facing the rugged realities of spiritual progress and idealistic adventure; but rather shall your religion become the fact of real experience which testifies that God has found you, idealized, ennobled, and spiritualized you, and that you have enlisted in the eternal adventure of finding the God who has thus found and sonshipped you.

SOURCE OR PARALLEL

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155:6.19 And when Jesus had finished speaking, he beckoned to Andrew and, pointing to the west toward Phoenicia, said: "Let us be on our way."

1. AUGUSTE SABATIER made the world his debtor when he published his great book, *Religions of Authority and the Religion of the Spirit*. It has been a long time since I read it, and I am obliged to acknowledge that all I can distinctly recall of it is the title. But that alone is enough to call forth a hymn of praise if only one were able to compose it. The mere recognition of the fact that there are religions of authority and the religion of the spirit is one of those flashes of spiritual insight for which we can never be sufficiently grateful (T 11).